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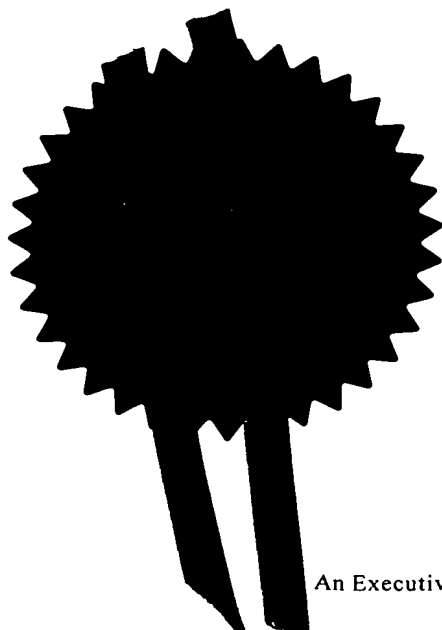
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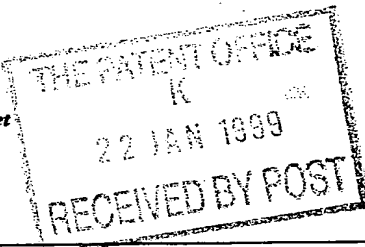


Signed *Andrew Gersey*
Dated 10 November 1999

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1. Your reference

CGP/PG3604

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3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

GLAXO GROUP LTD
GLAXO WELLCOME HOUSE
BERKELEY AVENUE

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

GREENFORD

MIDDLESEX UB6 0NN

473587003

4. Title of the invention

INHALATION DEVICE

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

DR CHRISTOPHER G PIKE

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

PIKE & CO.
3 KLONDYKE
MARLOW
BUCKS
SL7 2QQ

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

7497928009

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number
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Number of earlier application

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8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:

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Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)

Any other documents (please specify)

11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature

Handwritten signature

Date 21 JANUARY 1979

CHRISTOPHER G PIKE

- AGENT FOR THE APPLICANTS

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

DR C G PIKE 01628 471869

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Inhalation device

5 The present invention relates to a medicament cartridge for use in an inhalation device for use in the administration of medicament to a patient. The cartridge has a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement.

10 The use of inhalation devices in the administration of medicaments, for example in bronchodilation therapy, is well known. Such devices generally comprise a body or housing within which a medicament container is located. A mouthpiece (or nozzle) is typically provided, wherein 'in use' the mouthpiece communicates with the medicament container to allow passage of medicament from the source to the mouthpiece and thence, to the patient.

15 In a typical dispensing operation the body of the device is held by the patient and the mouthpiece (or nozzle) of the inhalation device is placed in the mouth (or nose) of the patient. The patient inhales, thereby causing transfer of medicament from the medicament container to the interior of the body of the patient.

20 It is desirable that the inhalation device is able to provide a plurality of doses of medicament. Known devices include metered dose inhalers having an aerosol container comprising sufficient medicament to provide plural individual doses. Also known are dry powder inhalers having a reservoir of dry powder from which
25 individual doses may be delivered.

Other known devices have a medicament carrier having plural individual medicament retainers thereon. One such carrier is shaped in the form of a rigid disc having plural medicament-containing blisters arranged in a circular
30 configuration thereon. Typically, such discs are designed to provide from five to ten doses. Another such carrier has an elongate tape carrier having plural medicament-containing blisters arranged in a line along the length of the tape. The tape is generally retained on a spindle and the tape is progressively unwound from the spindle to allow access to individual blisters. Typically, such
35 tape carriers are designed to provide about forty to sixty doses.

There is continuing interest in the design of medicament cartridges capable of providing very large numbers of individual doses. However, there is also a desire to reduce the size of the device, and hence the cartridge, so that it is readily portable by the patient. It will be appreciated that with the above described known carriers increasing the number of doses will also result in an inevitable and undesirable increase in the required size of disc and tape-winding on the spindle.

The Applicants have now found that the use of a medicament cartridge comprising a carrier having a plurality of individually accessible medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement allows for the provision of large numbers of doses from a single cartridge, whilst enabling the size of the cartridge to be kept at an acceptable level.

According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided a medicament cartridge for use in an inhalation device comprising a carrier having a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement. The spiral path is preferably a flat (i.e. two-dimensional) spiral path.

The carrier may be formed from any suitable material including plastic materials. Preferably, the carrier is substantially planar. More preferably, the carrier is substantially rigid. Preferably, the carrier is circular in shape and is rotationally mountable.

The medicament retainers are sized and shaped for retention of medicament. Each retainer may for example, be a medicament-retaining pocket. Suitable pocket forms include a cavity (recess) provided in the retainer, a cup having side walls standing proud from the carrier and any composite of these cavity/cup forms. A cover, preferably a hermetically sealing cover may be provided to the pocket.

The retainer may also for example, be a hole in the retainer. Optionally the hole has free-standing walls provided therearound. The hole may also optionally be provided with a mesh arrangement therein. The mesh may be formed of any

suitable materials including plastic materials. Covers, preferably hermetically sealing covers may be provided to seal the hole.

5 In one preferred aspect, each medicament retainer comprises a pocket in the carrier. Preferably, a seal is provided to each pocket. In a particularly preferred aspect, the seal comprises a sealing tape arranged along said spiral path and each pocket is accessible by progressive removal of the tape from the spiral path.

10 In another preferred aspect, each medicament retainer comprises a hole in the carrier. Each hole may be provided with a mesh for retention of medicament. The medicament may be applied to the mesh by any suitable method including wet and dry printing methods. Suitable wet printing methods include ink jet printing. Suitable dry printing methods include xerographic and electrostatic
15 printing methods.

Preferably, each medicament retainer is sized to retain a single dose of medicament.

20 Preferably, the medicament cartridge has from 60 to 500, preferably from 100 to 300, medicament retainers.

When charged for use, medicament is typically present in one of more of the medicament retainers.

25 According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a medicament cartridge for use in an inhalation device comprising a carrier having a plurality of medicament doses thereon, wherein said doses are in a spiral path arrangement.

30 The medicament doses may be applied to the carrier by any suitable method including wet and dry printing methods. Suitable wet printing methods include ink jet printing. Suitable dry printing methods include xerographic and electrostatic printing methods.

35

According to a further aspect of the present invention there is provided an inhalation device comprising

a housing having an air inlet, an air outlet and an airway therebetween;

5

a medicament carrier having a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement; and

10

a mover for moving the medicament carrier relative to the housing so as to bring successive medicament retainers individually into communication with the airway.

15

Preferably, the medicament carrier is a substantially rigid circular disc which is rotatable relative to the housing.

20

In one aspect, the circumference of the circular disc is provided with teeth and said teeth engage a worm drive for drivable rotation of the disc.

In one aspect, each medicament retainer comprises a pocket in a first face of the disc. Preferably, the second face of the disc has a spiral track for receipt of a tracking pin fixedly mounted on the housing such that as the disc rotates relative to the housing the tracking pin moves along the spiral track and the disc moves translationally relative to the housing.

25

According to a yet further aspect of the present invention there is provided an inhalation device comprising

a housing having an air inlet, an air outlet and an airway therebetween;

30

a medicament carrier having a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement, each medicament retainer having a seal;

an actuator for progressively unsealing each medicament retainer on the spiral path.

35

Preferably, the device additionally comprises a mover for moving the medicament carrier relative to the housing so as to bring successive medicament retainers individually into communication with the airway.

5 Preferably, each medicament retainer comprises a pocket.

Preferably, said seal comprises a sealing tape arranged along said spiral path and wherein each pocket is serially accessible by peelable removal of the tape.

10 Preferably, an end of said sealing tape connects to said actuator and peelable removal of the sealing tape is achievable by movement of the actuator.

15 In one aspect, the actuator is rotatable relative to the housing such that rotation of the actuator results in coiling of the tape around the actuator. Preferably, the actuator is an axially mounted tapered pole.

In another aspect, the actuator comprises a piercer for piercably unsealing a medicament retainer.

20 Preferably, the air outlet is provided with a mouthpiece. Herein the term 'mouthpiece' is used in a generic sense to mean an element shaped such as to be insertable into the mouth or nose of a patient for inhalation therethrough.

25 Preferably, the device is provided with a dose counter, which indicates the number of doses dispensed from or remaining in the container. More preferably, the dose counter comprises an indexing mechanism actuated by a predetermined movement of the medicament container relative to the body.

30 Preferably, the medicament is in dry-powder form.

According to a still further aspect of the present invention there is provided the use of an inhalation device as described herein for the administration of medicament to a patient.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Fig. 1a is a view of the top a medicament cartridge in accord with the present invention;

Fig. 1b is a view of the reverse medicament cartridge of Fig. 1a;

Fig. 2 is an exploded view of a cassette incorporating the medicament cartridge of Fig. 1a and 1b;

Fig. 3 is an exploded view of an inhalation device incorporating the cassette of Fig. 2;

Fig. 4a is a simplified plan view of the drive system of the inhalation device of Fig 3;

Fig. 4b is a simplified plan view of the mouthpiece slider of the inhalation device of Fig 3;

Fig. 5 is a plan view of the inhalation device of Fig 3 in assembled form;

Fig. 6 is a view of the top a second medicament cartridge in accord with the present invention;

Figs. 1a and 1b show a medicament cartridge in the form of a rigid disc 10 having teeth 11 on the circumference thereof. The top face 12 of the disc 10 is provided with a plurality of medicament retaining cavities 14 in a spiral path arrangement. The reverse face 16 of the disc 10 is provided with a spiral tracking groove 18 and a centrally located peg 19 to enable the disc to be mounted for rotation.

Fig 2. shows an exploded view of a cassette incorporating the medicament cartridge of Figs. 1a and 1b. The cassette has a bottom cover 20 having peripheral walls 22 extending partially therearound. The bottom cover 20 is

provided with a slit 24 for receipt of the peg 19 on the reverse face 16 of the disc 10. The bottom cover 20 is also provided with a tracking pin 26 which is located adjacent to a first end of the slit 24. When the cassette is in assembled form the tracking pin 26 follows the spiral tracking groove 18 on the reverse face 16 of the disc cartridge 10. The top cover 30 of the cassette is provided with an exit hole 32 located to register with successive medicament retaining cavities 14 on the top face 12 of the disc 10. The top cover 30 is also provided with a window 34.

To enable access to successive medicament retainers (doses) in use, it may be understood that the disc 10 will be rotated to bring each successive medicament retaining cavity 14 into registration with the exit hole 32. The tracking pin 26 will follow the spiral tracking groove 18 thereby causing the disc 10 to be translationally shifted in a direction set by the slit 24 in the bottom cover 20 of the cassette. The view through the window 34 may thus, be used as an indicator of the number of doses remaining.

Fig. 3 shows an exploded view of an inhalation device incorporating the cassette of Fig. 2. The device may be seen to comprise an outer casing having first 40 and second 50 interlocking portions.

The first portion 40 is provided with a window 42 which is positioned for registration with the window 34 on the cassette. The first portion 40 of the casing is also seen to have a raised part 44 provided with a generally rectangular opening 46 which is shaped for receipt of mouthpiece 60. The mouthpiece may be seen to have a housing defining an airway 62 which is of generally rectangular shape. The airway 62 is provided with an entrance hole (not shown) which, when the mouthpiece is in the in-use position, communicates with the exit hole 32 in the top cover of the cassette thereby allowing transfer of medicament from a cavity 14 in the disc 10 through to the airway 62. The housing is also provided with two arms 64, 66 having racks 65 thereon.

The second portion 50 of the casing is shaped for receipt of mouthpiece slider 70 (shown in more detail in Fig. 4a) which is slidably movable within the second portion 50 of the casing. The mouthpiece slider 70 is provided with racks 72, 73

which communicate via transfer wheels 82, 83 on the main body 80 (shown in more detail in Fig. 4b) with the racks 65, 67 on the arms 64, 66 of the mouthpiece 60. It may thus be seen that slidable movement of the mouthpiece slider 70 enables the mouthpiece 60 to be moved from a storage position within the casing to an in-use position in which it protrudes from the casing. The mouthpiece slider 70 is also provided with a hinged door 74 which may be seen to be movable from a closed position when the mouthpiece 60 is in the storage position to an open position as the mouthpiece 60 is moved to the in-use position.

The main body 80 may be seen to be shaped for receipt of the cassette and cartridge disc 10 contained therein. Referring to Fig. 4b, the main body includes a drive system for driving the rotation of the disc 10 within the cartridge. The drive system comprises an indexing screw 84 which communicates with the teeth 11 on the circumference of the disc 10 and with drive shaft 86. A fixed wheel 88 is provided to the central portion of the drive shaft 86. Rotation of the disc may be seen to be achievable by a user driven (e.g. by a thumb movement) rotation of the fixed wheel 88 and drive shaft 86 which causes rotation of the indexing screw 84 and hence rotation of the disc 10.

The fixed wheel 88 on the drive shaft 86 may also be seen to communicate with raised toothed portion 76 on the mouthpiece slider 70 such that the rotation of the fixed wheel 88 drives the slidable motion of the mouthpiece slider 70 and hence, translation movement of the mouthpiece 60.

Fig. 5 shows a view of the inhalation device of Fig 3. in assembled form with the mouthpiece 60 in the storage position. It may be seen that the window 42 enables the user to view the position of the disc 10 and hence, to gain information about the number of doses remaining.

It will be appreciated that variations of the cartridge, cassette and inhalation device of Figs. 1a to 5 are possible. In particular, other drive systems for driving the rotation of the disc may be envisaged. The drive systems may be driven directly by the user or by electrically powered means. Inhalation devices having a fixed mouthpiece are envisaged.

In one variation (not shown) the tracking groove 18 in the reverse face 16 of the disc 10 is provided with indentations spaced at positions aligned with the positions of the medicament retaining cavities 14 on the top face 12 of the disc 10. The so-indented tracking groove 18 can thus, function as a rack which may be driven by a suitably configured pinion drive to achieve the rotation of the disc 10.

Fig. 6 shows a second medicament cartridge in the form of a rigid disc 110 having teeth 111 on the circumference thereof. The top face 112 of the disc 110 is provided with a plurality of medicament retaining pockets 114 in a spiral path arrangement. A peelably removable sealing tape 115 is arranged along the spiral path. The tape 115 acts such as to seal the pockets 114. As shown, part of the sealing tape 115 has been drawn from the top face 112 of the rigid disc 110 to reveal some of the pockets 114 on the outermost part of the spiral. It may thus, be appreciated that each pocket 114 on the spiral path is serially accessible (i.e. each in turn) by peelable removal of the tape 115.

When the second medicament cartridge is incorporated into an inhalation device, the free end of the sealing tape 115 is connected to an actuator. Peelable removal of the sealing tape 115 is achieved by movement of the actuator. Typically, the actuator is rotatable and rotation of the actuator results in coiling of the sealing tape 115 around the actuator. The actuator may be an axially mounted tapered pole.

The medicament cartridge and inhalation device herein is suitable for dispensing medicament, particularly for the treatment of respiratory disorders. Appropriate medicaments may thus be selected from, for example, analgesics, e.g., codeine, dihydromorphine, ergotamine, fentanyl or morphine; anginal preparations, e.g., diltiazem; antiallergics, e.g., cromoglycate, ketotifen or nedocromil; anti-infectives e.g., cephalosporins, penicillins, streptomycin, sulphonamides, tetracyclines and pentamidine; antihistamines, e.g., methapyrilene; anti-inflammatories, e.g., beclomethasone dipropionate, fluticasone propionate, flunisolide, budesonide, rofleponide, mometasone furoate or triamcinolone acetonide; antitussives, e.g., noscapine;

bronchodilators, e.g., albuterol, salmeterol, ephedrine, adrenaline, fenoterol, formoterol, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, terbutaline, isoetharine, tulobuterol, or (-)-4-amino-3,5-dichloro- α -[[[6-[2-(2-pyridinyl)ethoxy] hexyl]methyl] benzenemethanol; diuretics, e.g., amiloride; anticholinergics, e.g., ipratropium, tiotropium, atropine or oxitropium; hormones, e.g., cortisone, hydrocortisone or prednisolone; xanthines, e.g., aminophylline, choline theophyllinate, lysine theophyllinate or theophylline; therapeutic proteins and peptides, e.g., insulin or glucagon. It will be clear to a person skilled in the art that, where appropriate, the medicaments may be used in the form of salts, (e.g., as alkali metal or amine salts or as acid addition salts) or as esters (e.g., lower alkyl esters) or as solvates (e.g., hydrates) to optimise the activity and/or stability of the medicament.

Preferred medicaments are selected from albuterol, salmeterol, fluticasone propionate and beclometasone dipropionate and salts or solvates thereof, e.g., the sulphate of albuterol and the xinafoate of salmeterol.

Medicaments can also be delivered in combinations. Preferred formulations containing combinations of active ingredients contain salbutamol (e.g., as the free base or the sulphate salt) or salmeterol (e.g., as the xinafoate salt) in combination with an antiinflammatory steroid such as a beclomethasone ester (e.g., the dipropionate) or a fluticasone ester (e.g., the propionate).

It will be understood that the present disclosure is for the purpose of illustration only and the invention extends to modifications, variations and improvements thereto.

The application of which this description and claims form part may be used as a basis for priority in respect of any subsequent application. The claims of such subsequent application may be directed to any feature or combination of features described therein. They may take the form of product, method or use claims and may include, by way of example and without limitation, one or more of the following claims:

CLAIMS:

1. Medicament cartridge for use in an inhalation device comprising a carrier having a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement.

5

2. Medicament cartridge according to Claim 1, wherein said carrier is substantially planar.

3. Medicament cartridge according to Claim 2, wherein said carrier is substantially rigid.

10

4. Medicament cartridge according to Claim 3, wherein said carrier is circular in shape and is rotationally mountable.

15

5. Medicament cartridge according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein each medicament retainer comprises a pocket.

6. Medicament cartridge according to Claim 5, wherein a seal is provided to each pocket.

20

7. Medicament cartridge according to Claim 6, wherein said seal comprises a sealing tape arranged along said spiral path and wherein each pocket is accessible by progressive removal of the tape from the spiral path.

25

8. Medicament cartridge according to any of Claims 1 to 4, wherein each medicament retainer comprises a hole in the carrier.

9. Medicament cartridge according to Claim 8, wherein each hole is provided with a mesh for retention of medicament.

30

10. Medicament cartridge according to Claim 9, wherein the medicament is applied to the mesh by a wet or dry printing method.

35

11. Medicament cartridge according to any of Claims 1 to 10, wherein each medicament retainer is sized to retain a single dose of medicament.

12. Medicament cartridge according to any of Claims 1 to 11, having from 60 to 500, preferably from 100 to 300, medicament retainers.

5 13. Medicament cartridge according to any of Claims 1 to 12, wherein medicament is present in one of more of the medicament retainers.

10 14. Medicament cartridge for use in an inhalation device comprising a carrier having a plurality of medicament doses thereon, wherein said doses are in a spiral path arrangement.

15. Inhalation device comprising

15 a housing having an air inlet, an air outlet and an airway therebetween;

a medicament carrier having a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement; and

20 a mover for moving the medicament carrier relative to the housing so as to bring successive medicament retainers individually into communication with the airway.

25 16. Inhalation device according to Claim 15, wherein said medicament carrier is a substantially rigid circular disk which is rotatable relative to the housing.

17. Inhalation device according to Claim 16, wherein the circumference of said disk is provided with teeth and said teeth engage a worm drive for drivable rotation of said disk.

30 18. Inhalation device according to either of Claims 16 or 17, wherein each medicament retainer comprises a pocket in a first face of the disk.

19. Inhalation device according to Claim 18, wherein the second face of the disk has a spiral track for receipt of a tracking pin fixedly mounted on the housing

such that as the disk rotates relative to the housing the tracking pin moves along the spiral track and the disk moves translationally relative to the housing.

20. Inhalation device comprising

5

a housing having an air inlet, an air outlet and an airway therebetween;

a medicament carrier having a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement, each medicament retainer having a seal;

10

an actuator for progressively unsealing each medicament retainer on the spiral path.

21. Inhalation device according to Claim 20, additionally comprising a

15

a mover for moving the medicament carrier relative to the housing so as to bring successive medicament retainers individually into communication with the airway.

20

22. Inhalation device according to either of Claims 21 or 22, wherein each medicament retainer comprises a pocket.

23. Inhalation device according to Claim 22, wherein said seal comprises a sealing tape arranged along said spiral path and wherein each pocket is serially accessible by peelable removal of the tape.

25

24. Inhalation device according to Claim 23, wherein an end of said sealing tape connects to said actuator and peelable removal of the sealing tape is achievable by movement of the actuator.

30

25. Inhalation device according to Claim 24, wherein said actuator is rotatable relative to the housing such that rotation of the actuator results in coiling of the tape around the actuator.

26. Inhalation device according to Claim 25, wherein the actuator is an axially mounted tapered pole.

5 27. Inhalation device according to any of Claims 20 to 22, wherein said actuator comprises a piercer for piercably unsealing a medicament retainer.

28. Inhalation device according to any of Claims 15 to 27, wherein said air outlet is provided with a mouthpiece.

10 29. Use of an inhalation device according to any of Claims 15 to 28 for the administration of medicament to a patient.

Abstract

5 There is provided a medicament cartridge for use in an inhalation device comprising a carrier having a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement. Typically, the carrier is substantially planar.

10 There is also provided an inhalation device comprising a housing having an air inlet, an air outlet, an airway therebetween and a medicament carrier having a plurality of medicament retainers in a spiral path arrangement. A mover is provided for moving the medicament carrier relative to the housing so as to bring successive medicament retainers individually into communication with the airway.

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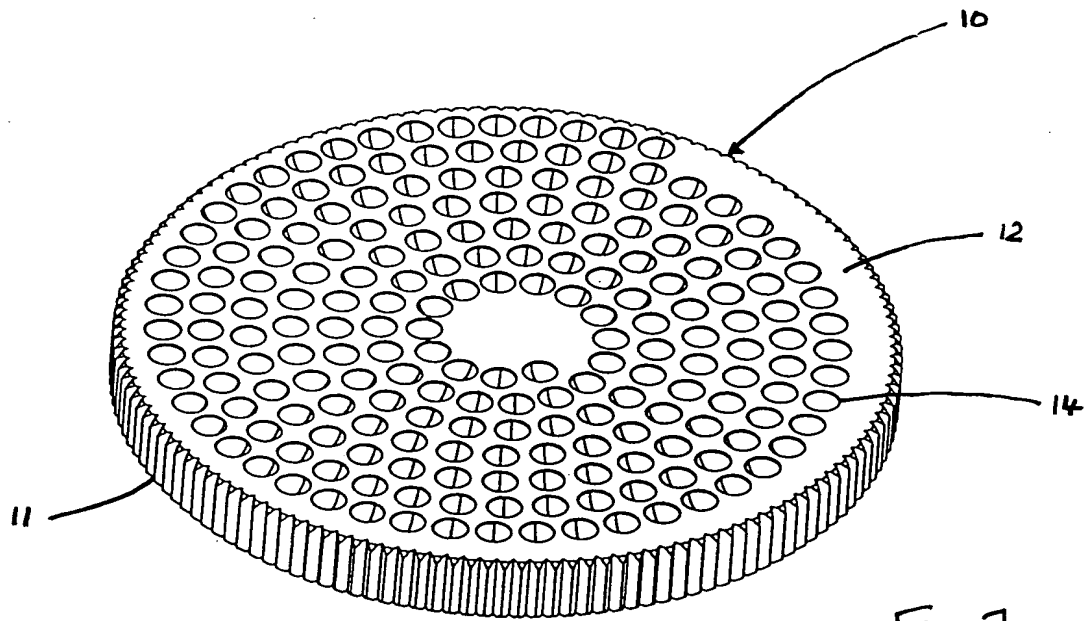


Fig 1a

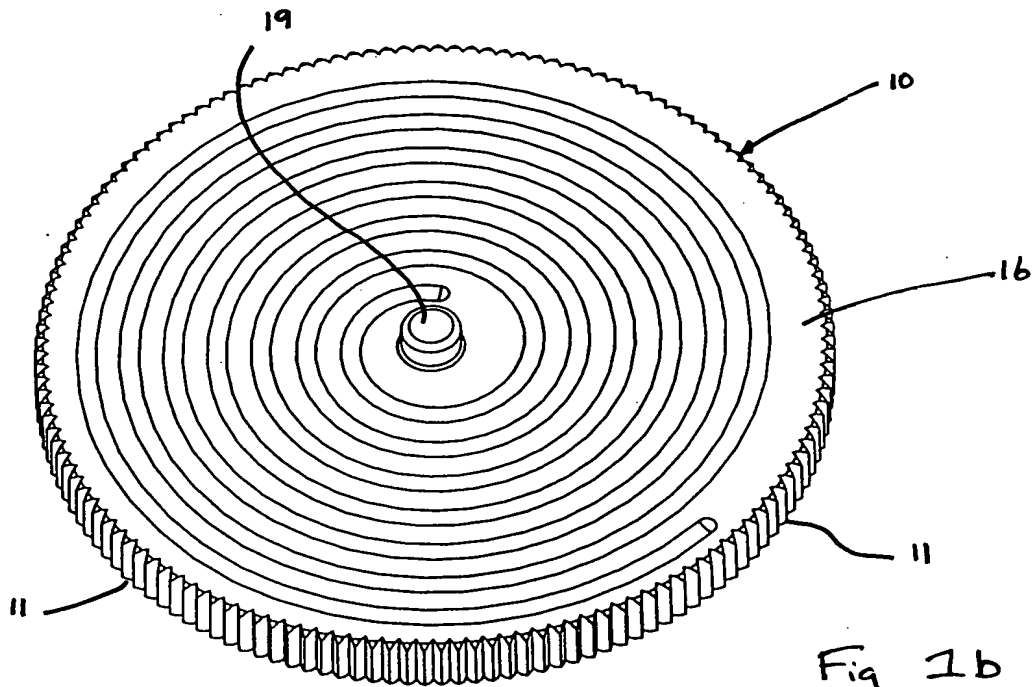


Fig 1b

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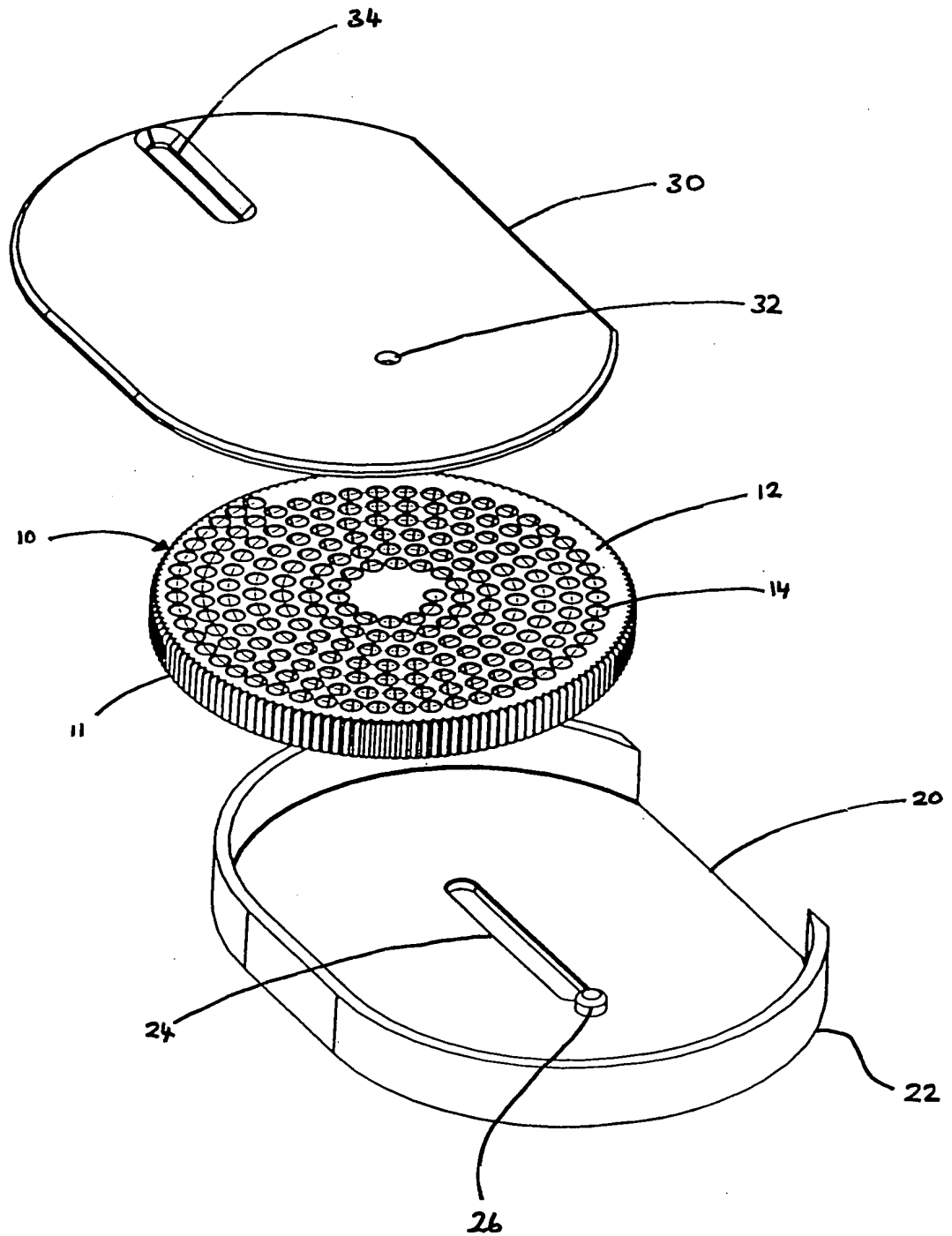
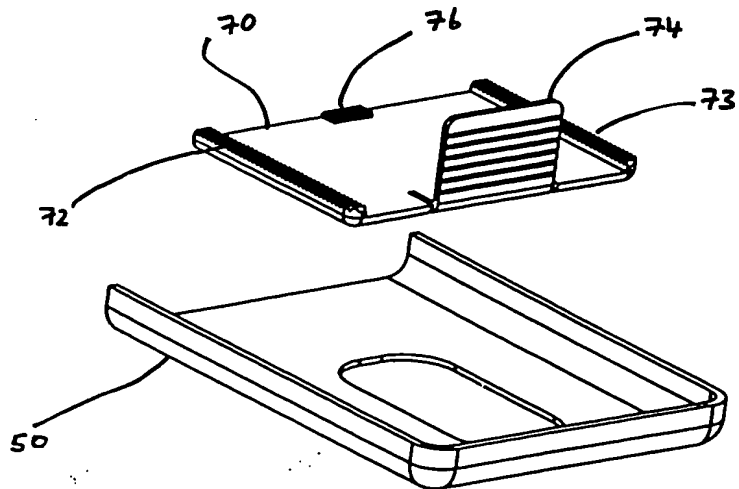
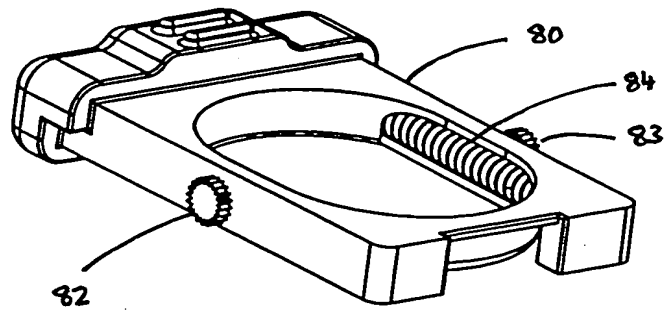
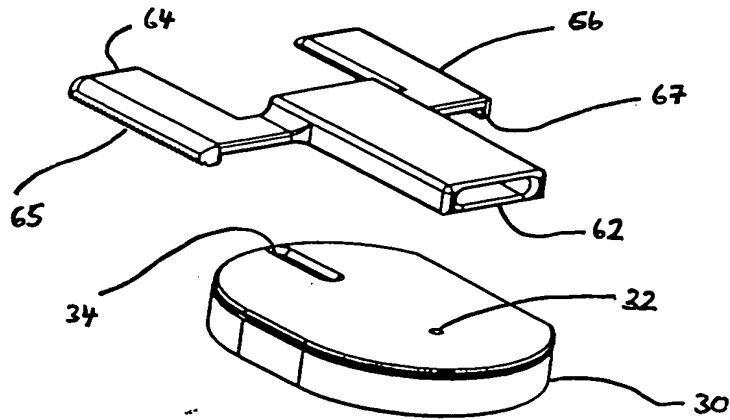
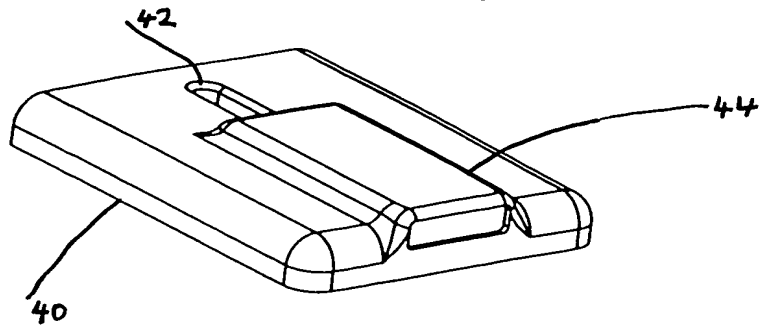


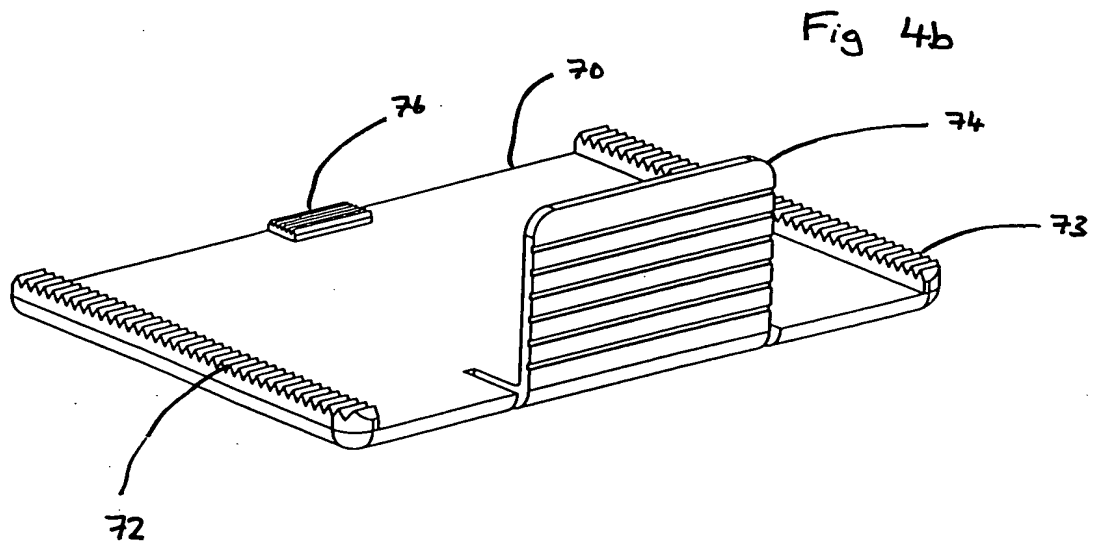
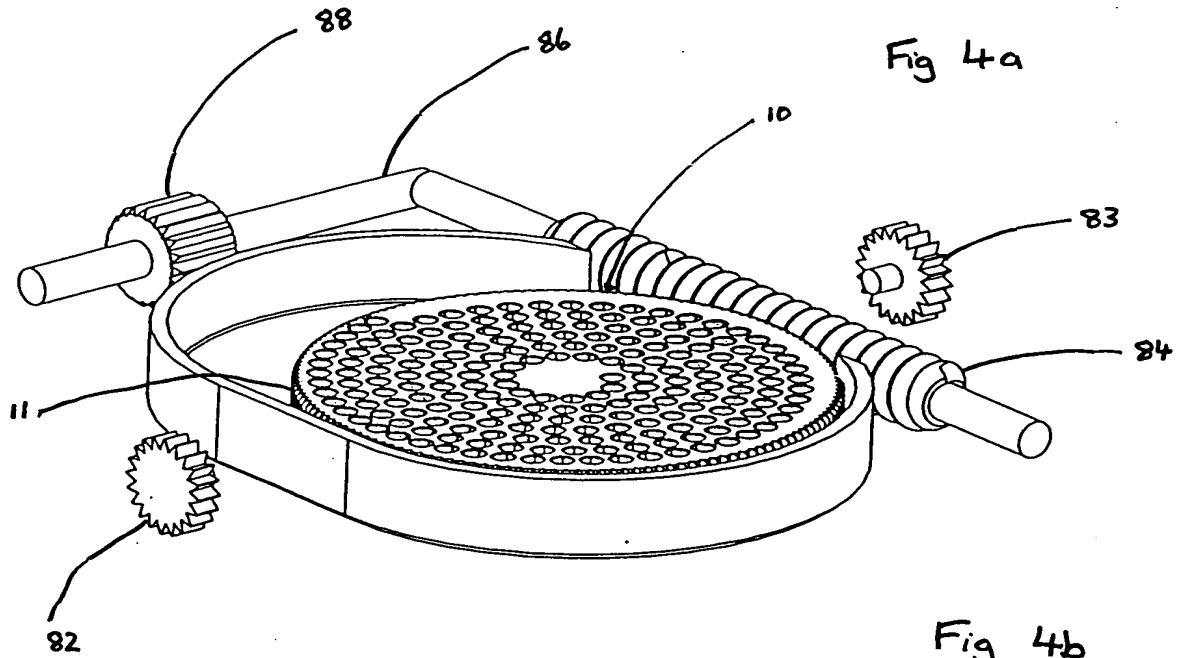
Fig. 2

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Fig. 3



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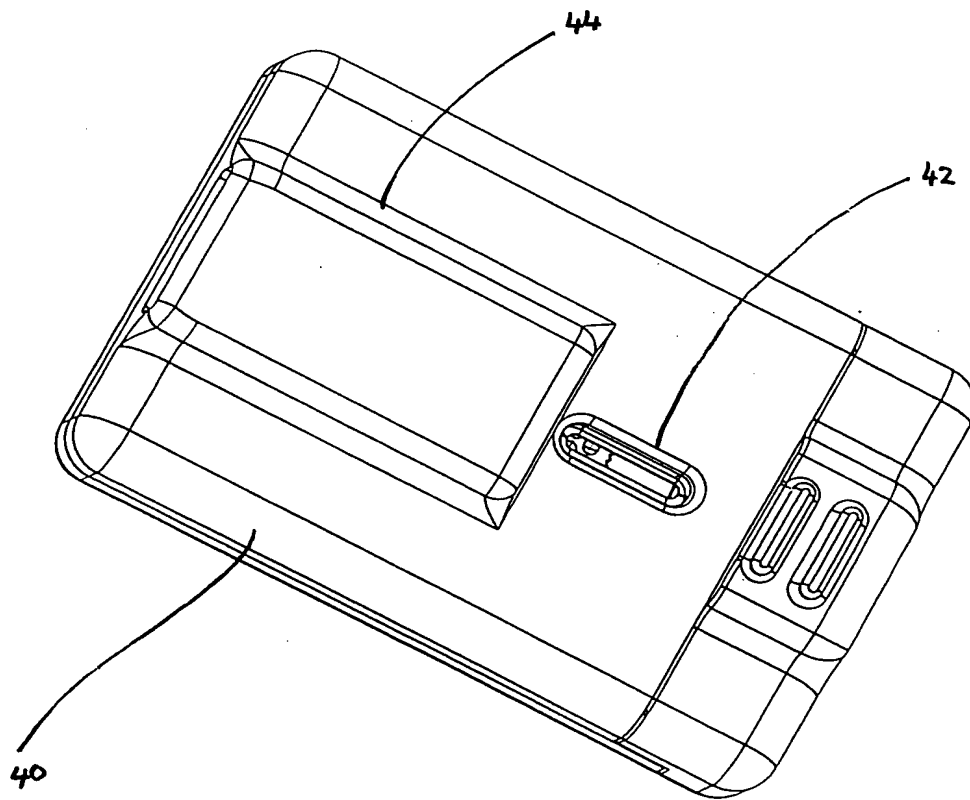


Fig. 5

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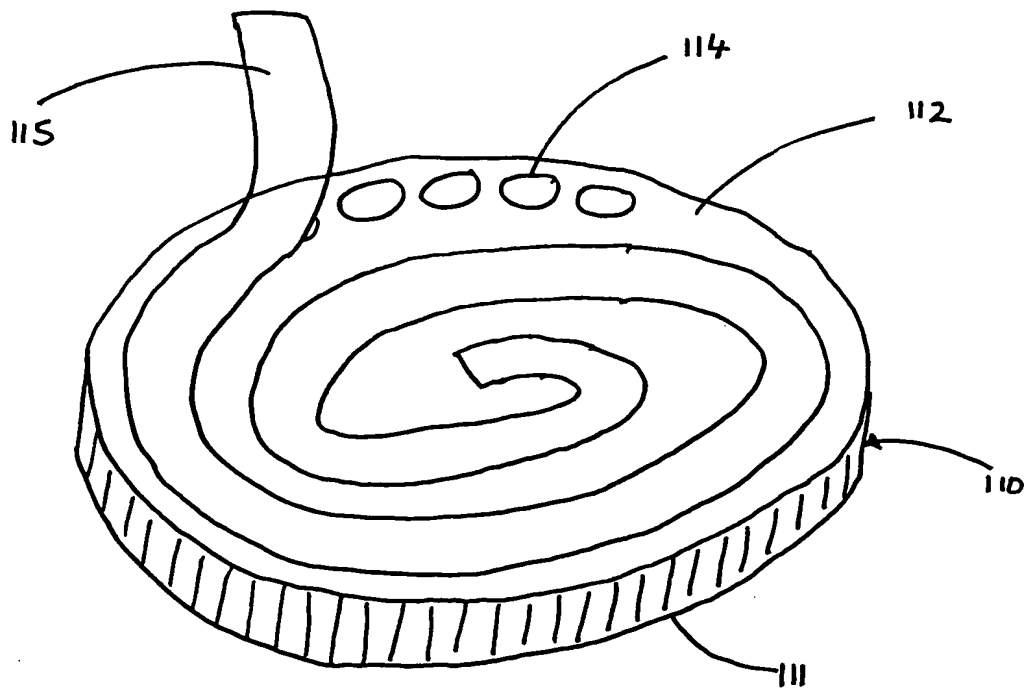


Fig. 6

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